

Diaquabis(tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-8-carboxylato- κ^2N^1,O)cobalt(II) dihydrate

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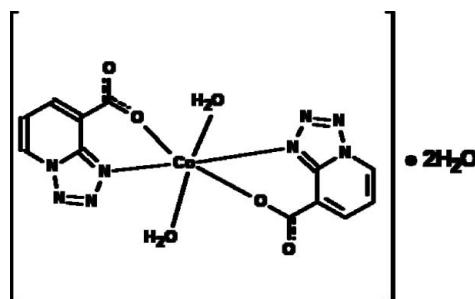
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.090; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.0.

In the title compound, $[\text{Co}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_2)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the Co^{II} atom is located on an inversion center in a slightly distorted octahedral environment formed by the O atoms of two water molecules, and the N and O atoms of the chelating tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-8-carboxylate anions. Hydrogen bonds of the $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ types result in a three-dimensional supramolecular network.

Related literature

For background to coordination compounds and their synthesis by *in situ* reaction, see: Chen & Tong (2007); Liu *et al.* (2005); Li *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Co}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_2)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 457.24$

 Orthorhombic, $Pnna$
 $a = 19.041(4)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 11.694(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 7.5371(15)\text{ \AA}$

$V = 1678.3(6)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 1.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.4\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.530$, $T_{\max} = 0.667$

13120 measured reflections
1482 independent reflections
1203 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.090$
 $S = 1.21$
1482 reflections
148 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.54\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1W-H1WB \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.825 (18)	1.950 (19)	2.763 (4)	168 (4)
O1W-H1WA \cdots O2W ⁱⁱ	0.842 (19)	1.943 (19)	2.776 (5)	170 (5)
O2W-H2WB \cdots O1	0.835 (19)	2.04 (3)	2.845 (4)	163 (4)
O2W-H2WA \cdots N2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.842 (19)	2.15 (2)	2.981 (5)	171 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x, y, z + 1$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *SCXmini Benchtop Crystallography System Software* (Rigaku, 2006); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); data reduction: *PROCESS-AUTO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2582).

References

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Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m684 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809019187]

Diaqua^{bis}(tetrazolo[1,5-*a*]pyridine-8-carboxylato- κ^2N^1,O)cobalt(II) dihydrate

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Comment

Coordination complexes have attracted great attention in recent years. (Liu,*et al.*, 2005). The in-situ reaction which can create new ligand and structure draw much more attention in synthesizing coordination complexes (Li,*et al.*, 2007). Some interesting complexes were gained by the in-situ reaction. (Chen,*et al.*, 2007).

In the title compound, the cobalt atom the cobalt atom located in the inverse center is six coordinated by two waters and two tetrazolo(1,5-*a*)pyridine-8-carboxylato, (Fig. 1). Each tetrazolo(1,5-*a*)pyridine-8-carboxylato chelates to one cobalt atom. One type of water coordinates to the cobalt and the other acts as lattice water. A three dimensional supramolecular net formed by the hydrogen bonds of waters and tetrazolo(1,5-*a*)pyridine-8-carboxylato ligands intermolecular (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A mixture of cobalt(II)nitrate and sodium azide (1 mmol), 2-chloronicotinic acid(0.5 mmol), in 10 ml of water was sealed in a Teflon-lined stainless-steel Parr bomb that was heated at 363 K for 48 h. Red crystals of the title complex were collected after the bomb was allowed to cool to room temperature. Yield 20% based on cobalt(II). Caution: Azides may be explosive. Although we have met no problems in this work, only a small amount of them should be prepared and handled with great caution.

Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent C atoms with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Hydrogen atom of water were added by difference Fourier maps and refined with restrained distance of O—H = 0.85 Å with a error of 0.02 Å, and the restrained distance of H—H = 1.35 Å with a error of 0.01 Å of the same water.

Figures

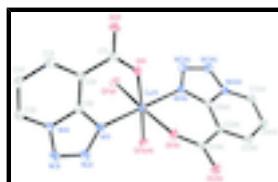


Fig. 1. A view of the title compound showing the coordination of Co atom with the atom-labelling scheme. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atom have been omitted for clarity. [Symmetry codes: (a)-x+1/2,-y,z].

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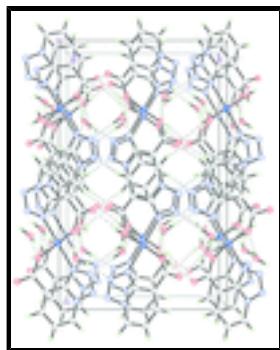


Fig. 2. The 3D supramolecular net formed by the hydrogen bonds.

Diaquabis(tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-8-carboxylato- $\kappa^2 N^1, O$)cobalt(II) dihydrate

Crystal data

$[Co(C_6H_3N_4O_2)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot 2H_2O$	$D_x = 1.810 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 457.24$	$Mo K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Orthorhombic, $Pnna$	Cell parameters from 11987 reflections
$a = 19.041 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.3\text{--}27.8^\circ$
$b = 11.694 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 7.5371 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 1678.3 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, red
$Z = 4$	$0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.4 \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = 932$	

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer	1482 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1203 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995)	$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$
$T_{\min} = 0.530, T_{\max} = 0.667$	$h = -22 \rightarrow 22$
13120 measured reflections	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
	$l = -8 \rightarrow 8$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.21$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0256P)^2 + 2.1174P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

1482 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
148 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.54 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.2500	0.0000	0.86713 (10)	0.0185 (3)
O1	0.20211 (15)	0.1011 (2)	0.6721 (4)	0.0258 (7)
O1W	0.20777 (17)	0.1069 (3)	1.0644 (4)	0.0282 (8)
H1WB	0.187 (2)	0.167 (2)	1.037 (5)	0.028 (14)*
H1WA	0.234 (2)	0.120 (4)	1.151 (5)	0.034 (16)*
O2	0.12294 (15)	0.2126 (2)	0.5359 (4)	0.0310 (8)
N1	0.15291 (19)	-0.0903 (3)	0.8639 (4)	0.0220 (8)
N2	0.1335 (2)	-0.1860 (3)	0.9493 (5)	0.0307 (10)
N3	0.0650 (2)	-0.2019 (3)	0.9438 (5)	0.0315 (10)
N4	0.03825 (19)	-0.1111 (3)	0.8530 (5)	0.0236 (9)
C1	0.1390 (2)	0.1307 (3)	0.6326 (5)	0.0220 (10)
C2	0.0793 (2)	0.0595 (3)	0.7064 (6)	0.0199 (9)
C3	0.0093 (2)	0.0832 (4)	0.6782 (6)	0.0251 (11)
H3A	-0.0022	0.1500	0.6180	0.030*
C4	-0.0468 (2)	0.0108 (3)	0.7364 (6)	0.0276 (11)
H4A	-0.0933	0.0318	0.7165	0.033*
C5	-0.0318 (2)	-0.0885 (4)	0.8204 (6)	0.0286 (11)
H5A	-0.0670	-0.1391	0.8547	0.034*
C6	0.0929 (2)	-0.0430 (4)	0.8022 (6)	0.0209 (10)
O2W	0.28936 (19)	0.1261 (3)	0.3682 (4)	0.0363 (9)
H2WB	0.259 (2)	0.108 (4)	0.444 (5)	0.051 (19)*
H2WA	0.312 (2)	0.182 (3)	0.408 (6)	0.042 (16)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.0154 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0206 (5)	0.0011 (3)	0.000	0.000
O1	0.0205 (17)	0.0295 (17)	0.0274 (18)	-0.0008 (13)	0.0002 (13)	0.0101 (14)
O1W	0.029 (2)	0.0236 (18)	0.032 (2)	0.0111 (14)	-0.0028 (15)	-0.0049 (14)

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O2	0.0291 (19)	0.0258 (18)	0.038 (2)	-0.0023 (14)	-0.0044 (15)	0.0131 (15)
N1	0.023 (2)	0.0189 (18)	0.024 (2)	0.0013 (15)	-0.0020 (15)	0.0079 (15)
N2	0.033 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.036 (2)	-0.0045 (17)	-0.0012 (18)	0.0059 (18)
N3	0.033 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0027 (17)	0.0033 (18)	0.0082 (18)
N4	0.023 (2)	0.0206 (19)	0.027 (2)	-0.0040 (16)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0039 (16)
C1	0.028 (3)	0.019 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.0023 (19)	-0.0032 (19)	-0.0003 (18)
C2	0.022 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.0037 (18)	-0.0049 (18)	0.0002 (18)
C3	0.028 (3)	0.023 (2)	0.024 (3)	0.0014 (19)	-0.0023 (19)	-0.0004 (19)
C4	0.019 (2)	0.034 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.0030 (19)	-0.0016 (19)	-0.003 (2)
C5	0.022 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.008 (2)	0.002 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C6	0.019 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.021 (2)	-0.0030 (18)	-0.0032 (18)	0.0008 (19)
O2W	0.035 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.031 (2)	-0.0088 (17)	0.0054 (16)	-0.0055 (16)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Co1—O1	2.095 (3)	N3—N4	1.362 (5)
Co1—O1 ⁱ	2.095 (3)	N4—C6	1.365 (5)
Co1—O1W	2.102 (3)	N4—C5	1.382 (6)
Co1—O1W ⁱ	2.102 (3)	C1—C2	1.516 (6)
Co1—N1	2.129 (4)	C2—C3	1.378 (6)
Co1—N1 ⁱ	2.129 (4)	C2—C6	1.424 (6)
O1—C1	1.286 (5)	C3—C4	1.432 (6)
O1W—H1WB	0.825 (18)	C3—H3A	0.9300
O1W—H1WA	0.842 (19)	C4—C5	1.353 (6)
O2—C1	1.242 (5)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N1—N2	1.342 (5)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—C6	1.351 (5)	O2W—H2WB	0.835 (19)
N2—N3	1.318 (5)	O2W—H2WA	0.842 (19)
O1—Co1—O1 ⁱ	90.89 (16)	N2—N3—N4	106.0 (3)
O1—Co1—O1W	89.66 (13)	N3—N4—C6	108.1 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—O1W	176.49 (12)	N3—N4—C5	126.8 (4)
O1—Co1—O1W ⁱ	176.49 (12)	C6—N4—C5	125.1 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—O1W ⁱ	89.66 (13)	O2—C1—O1	125.0 (4)
O1W—Co1—O1W ⁱ	89.99 (18)	O2—C1—C2	117.0 (4)
O1—Co1—N1	83.91 (12)	O1—C1—C2	117.9 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N1	95.17 (12)	C3—C2—C6	115.1 (4)
O1W—Co1—N1	88.33 (13)	C3—C2—C1	124.0 (4)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N1	92.58 (13)	C6—C2—C1	120.8 (4)
O1—Co1—N1 ⁱ	95.17 (12)	C2—C3—C4	123.8 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N1 ⁱ	83.91 (12)	C2—C3—H3A	118.1
O1W—Co1—N1 ⁱ	92.58 (13)	C4—C3—H3A	118.1
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N1 ⁱ	88.33 (13)	C5—C4—C3	119.6 (4)
N1—Co1—N1 ⁱ	178.70 (19)	C5—C4—H4A	120.2
C1—O1—Co1	136.2 (3)	C3—C4—H4A	120.2
Co1—O1W—H1WB	120 (3)	C4—C5—N4	116.8 (4)
Co1—O1W—H1WA	115 (3)	C4—C5—H5A	121.6

H1WB—O1W—H1WA	109 (2)	N4—C5—H5A	121.6
N2—N1—C6	105.8 (3)	N1—C6—N4	108.0 (4)
N2—N1—Co1	130.3 (3)	N1—C6—C2	132.4 (4)
C6—N1—Co1	122.3 (3)	N4—C6—C2	119.6 (4)
N3—N2—N1	112.1 (3)	H2WB—O2W—H2WA	107 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—O1—C1	123.8 (4)	O2—C1—C2—C3	-2.7 (6)
O1W—Co1—O1—C1	-59.7 (4)	O1—C1—C2—C3	178.3 (4)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—O1—C1	25 (2)	O2—C1—C2—C6	173.1 (4)
N1—Co1—O1—C1	28.7 (4)	O1—C1—C2—C6	-5.9 (6)
N1 ⁱ —Co1—O1—C1	-152.2 (4)	C6—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (6)
O1—Co1—N1—N2	174.9 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	174.9 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N1—N2	84.5 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.7 (7)
O1W—Co1—N1—N2	-95.3 (4)	C3—C4—C5—N4	3.2 (6)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N1—N2	-5.3 (4)	N3—N4—C5—C4	176.0 (4)
N1 ⁱ —Co1—N1—N2	129.7 (4)	C6—N4—C5—C4	-2.1 (7)
O1—Co1—N1—C6	-21.2 (3)	N2—N1—C6—N4	0.4 (5)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N1—C6	-111.5 (3)	Co1—N1—C6—N4	-166.9 (3)
O1W—Co1—N1—C6	68.6 (3)	N2—N1—C6—C2	178.1 (5)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N1—C6	158.6 (3)	Co1—N1—C6—C2	10.8 (7)
N1 ⁱ —Co1—N1—C6	-66.4 (3)	N3—N4—C6—N1	-1.1 (5)
C6—N1—N2—N3	0.4 (5)	C5—N4—C6—N1	177.4 (4)
Co1—N1—N2—N3	166.3 (3)	N3—N4—C6—C2	-179.1 (4)
N1—N2—N3—N4	-1.1 (5)	C5—N4—C6—C2	-0.7 (6)
N2—N3—N4—C6	1.3 (4)	C3—C2—C6—N1	-175.3 (4)
N2—N3—N4—C5	-177.1 (4)	C1—C2—C6—N1	8.6 (7)
Co1—O1—C1—O2	162.2 (3)	C3—C2—C6—N4	2.2 (6)
Co1—O1—C1—C2	-18.9 (6)	C1—C2—C6—N4	-173.9 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1W—H1WB···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (2)	1.95 (2)	2.763 (4)	168 (4)
O1W—H1WA···O2W ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84 (2)	1.94 (2)	2.776 (5)	170 (5)
O2W—H2WB···O1	0.84 (2)	2.04 (3)	2.845 (4)	163 (4)
O2W—H2WA···N2 ^{iv}	0.84 (2)	2.15 (2)	2.981 (5)	171 (4)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, -y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $x, y, z+1$; (iv) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

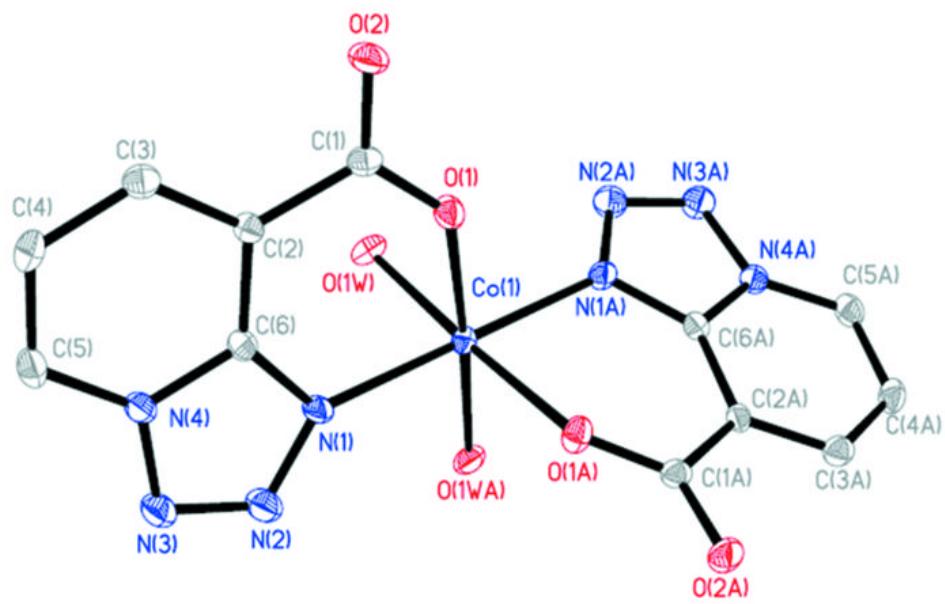


Fig. 2

